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QUESTION 151 Drag and Drop Questions You are planning to deploy a database to Windows Azure SQL Database. You need to design a stored procedure to update rows. The stored procedure must meet the following requirements: - If the update fails, an error must be raised to the application and the update must be discarded. - The stored procedure must be designed to maximize concurrency. What should you include in your design? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Raise an error in a catch block.

Commit the transaction in a finally block.

Read the @@ROWCOUNT system variable.

Roll back the update in a try block.

Raise an error in a catch block and commit the transaction if the row count is less than 1.

Issue a SELECT statement to count the number of rows.

Set the isolation level to serializable.

Begin an explicit transaction.

Work Area

Answer:

Actions

Raise an error in a catch block.

Commit the transaction in a finally block.

Read the @@ROWCOUNT system variable.

Roll back the update in a try block.

Raise an error in a catch block and commit the transaction if the row count is less than 1.

Issue a SELECT statement to count the number of rows.

Set the isolation level to serializable.

Begin an explicit transaction.

Work Area

Begin an explicit transaction.

Perform the update in a try block.

Read the @@ROWCOUNT system variable.

Roll back the update in a try block.

Raise an error in a catch block and commit the transaction if the row count is less than 1.

Commit the transaction in a finally block.

QUESTION 152 Drag and Drop Questions You plan to deploy SQL Server 2012. You are designing two stored procedures named USP_1 and USP_2 that have the following requirements: - Prevent data read by USP_1 from being modified by other active processes. - Prevent USP_2 from performing dirty reads. You need to recommend the isolation level for each stored procedure. The solution must maximize concurrency. Which isolation levels should you recommend? To answer, drag the appropriate isolation level to the correct stored procedure in the answer area.

Isolation Levels

read committed

read uncommitted

repeatable read

serializable

Answer Area

USP_1

Isolation Level

USP_2

Isolation Level

Answer:

Isolation Levels

read committed

read uncommitted

repeatable read

serializable

Answer Area

USP_1

repeatable read

USP_2

read committed

QUESTION 153Drag and Drop QuestionsYou use SQL Server 2014.You need to create a single object that inserts a provided value into Table1, and then returns a count of the records in Table1.Develop the solution by selecting and arranging the required code blocks in the correct order. You may not need all of the code blocks.

Code Blocks

END

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50), @Var1 Int OUTPUT AS BEGIN

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50)) Returns INT AS BEGIN

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50)) Returns INT AS BEGIN

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50)) Returns INT AS BEGIN

SELECT @Var1 = count(*) FROM TABLE1

DECLARE @Var1 INT

CREATE PROCEDURE dbo.Spr_Table1 @Insertionrd Varchar (50), @Var1 Int OUTPUT AS BEGIN

INSERT INTO TABLE1 (FIELD1) values (@Insertionrd)

Answer Area

Answer:

Code Blocks

END

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50), @Var1 Int OUTPUT AS BEGIN

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50)) Returns INT AS BEGIN

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50)) Returns INT AS BEGIN

CREATE FUNCTION dbo.Func_Table1 (@Insertionrd Varchar (50)) Returns INT AS BEGIN

SELECT @Var1 = count(*) FROM TABLE1

DECLARE @Var1 INT

CREATE PROCEDURE dbo.Spr_Table1 @Insertionrd Varchar (50), @Var1 Int OUTPUT AS BEGIN

INSERT INTO TABLE1 (FIELD1) values (@Insertionrd)

Answer Area

CREATE PROCEDURE dbo.Spr_Table1 @Insertionrd Varchar (50), @Var1 Int OUTPUT AS BEGIN

INSERT INTO TABLE1 (FIELD1) values (@Insertionrd)

SELECT @Var1 = count(*) FROM TABLE1

QUESTION 154You are building a stored procedure for a Windows Azure SQL Database. The procedure will add multiple rows to a table.You need to design the stored procedure to meet the following requirements:- If any of the new rows violates a table constraint, then no further additions must be attempted and all changes made by the stored procedure must be discarded.- If any errors occur, a row must be added to an audit table, and the original error must be returned to the caller of the stored procedure.What should you include in the design? A. An explicit transaction that has XACT_ABORT disabledB. An implicit transaction that has error handling enabledC. An explicit transaction that has error handling enabledD. An implicit transaction that has XACT.ABORT enabled Answer: CExplanation:[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms175127\(v=SQL.105\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms175127(v=SQL.105).aspx) QUESTION 155Drag and Drop QuestionsYou are the senior database administrator at Contoso, Ltd. You manage a SQL Server 2014 Instance, with multiple databases used for reporting.You have recently hired a junior database administrator. You want this person to be able to view the database structures on the server, but you do not want him or her to be able to make changes or see the data in the tables. The new hire's login credentials are as follows:Login name: JFreePassword: Jx672\$qseYou want the new hire to be required to change his password on his next login.The code that is produced should execute no matter the initial database context in which it is started.You need to write the code required to give the new hire only the desired access, using the smallest number of steps. Develop the solution by selecting and arranging the required code blocks in the correct order. You may not need all of the code blocks.

Code Blocks

USE Tempdb

CREATE LOGIN [JFree] WITH PASSWORD = 'Jx672\$qse', MUST_CHANGE = 1, CHECK_EXPIRATION = 1

USE MASTER

CREATE LOGIN [JFree] WITH PASSWORD = 'Jx672\$qse', MUST_CHANGE = 1, CHECK_EXPIRATION = 1

GRANT VIEW SERVER STATE TO [JFree]

USE [JFree]

CREATE LOGIN [JFree] WITH PASSWORD = 'Jx672\$qse', MUST_CHANGE = 1, CHECK_EXPIRATION = 1

ALTER SERVER ROLE [securityadmin] TO [JFree]

GRANT CONNECT ANY DATABASE TO [JFree]

GRANT SELECT ALL USER SECURABLES TO [JFree]

GRANT VIEW ANY DEFINITION TO [JFree]

GRANT CONNECT ANY DATABASE TO [JFree]

Answer:

Code Blocks	Answer Area
<pre> USE tempdb; CREATE LOGIN [3free] WITH PASSWORD = '3xv728qse' MUST_CHANGE, CHECK_EXPIRATION = ON; USE MASTER; CREATE LOGIN [3free] WITH PASSWORD = '3xv728qse' CHANGE ON LOGIN, CHECK_EXPIRATION = ON; GRANT VIEW SERVER STATE TO [3free]; USE tempdb; CREATE LOGIN [3free] WITH PASSWORD = '3xv728qse' MUST_CHANGE, CHECK_EXPIRATION = ON; ALTER SERVER ROLE [securityadmin] ADD MEMBER [3free]; GRANT CONNECT ANY DATABASE TO [3free]; GRANT SELECT ALL USER SECURABLES TO [3free]; GRANT VIEW ANY DEFINITION TO [3free]; GRANT CONNECT ANY DATABASE TO [3free]; </pre>	<pre> USE Master; CREATE LOGIN [3free] WITH PASSWORD = '3xv728qse' MUST_CHANGE, CHECK_EXPIRATION = ON; GRANT VIEW ANY DEFINITION TO [3free]; GRANT CONNECT ANY DATABASE TO [3free]; </pre>

QUESTION 156 You are creating a database that will store usernames and credit card numbers for an application. You need to recommend a solution to store and reuse the credit card numbers in the database. What should you recommend? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer.

A. Data encryption
B. Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
C. Encrypting File System (EFS)
D. Data hashing

Answer: B

Explanation: If we are going to encrypt credit card number for storage, then we should have Data Encryption Key (DEK) for encrypting the credit card number.

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb934049.aspx> QUESTION 157 You have a query that is used by a reporting dashboard.

Users report that the query sometimes takes a long time to run. You need to recommend a solution to identify what is causing the issue. What should you recommend? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer.

A. Set the blocked process threshold, and then run SQL Server Profiler.

B. Set the blocked process threshold, and then create an alert.

C. Enable trace flag 1204, and then create an alert.

D. Create a job that queries the sys.dm_os_waiting_tasks dynamic management view.

Answer: B

Explanation: Step 1: Turn on the blocked process report. This will look for any blocking taking 20 seconds or

view. Answer: B
Explanation: Step 1: Turn on the blocked process report. This will look for any blocking taking 20 seconds or longer.--Make sure you don't have any pending changes
`SELECT *FROM sys.configurations WHERE value <> value in use;GO`

exec sp_configure 'show advanced options', 1;GO
RECONFIGUREGO
exec sp_configure 'blocked process threshold (s)', 20;GO
RECONFIGUREGO
Step 2: Set up a trace to capture the blocked process report. Run it as a server side trace. blocked process

threshold Server Configuration Option QUESTION 158 You are troubleshooting an application that runs a query. The application frequently causes deadlocks. You need to identify the isolation level used by the query when a deadlock occurs. What should you do?

More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. A. Query the sys.dm_exec_requests dynamic management view. B. Create a trace in SQL Server Profiler that contains the Deadlock graph event. C. Query the sys.dm_exec_sessions dynamic management view. D. Enable trace flag 1222, and then view the SQL Server error log. Answer: C

Explanation: * sys.dm_exec_sessions Returns one row per authenticated session on SQL Server. sys.dm_exec_sessions is a server-scope view that shows information about all active user connections and internal tasks. Include the column:

transaction_isolation_levelsmallintTransaction isolation level of the session.0 = Unspecified1 = ReadUncomitted2 =

ReadCommitted3 = Repeatable4 = Serializable5 = SnapshotIs not nullable.sys.dm_exec_sessions (Transact-SQL) QUESTION 159

You have four databases that are accessed by using an Online Transaction Processing (OLTP) application. The databases are stored on a server named SQL1 that has SQL Server 2014 installed. You plan to deploy an additional server that has SQL Server 2014

installed. You need to design a high-availability solution for the databases that meets the following requirements:- If SQL1 fails, the databases must be available.- Users must be able to run reports against a secondary copy of the databases. What should you include

in the design? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. A. AlwaysOn availability groupsB.

Database mirroringC. Log shippingD. Failover Clustering Answer: AExplanation: The AlwaysOn Availability Groups feature is a high-availability and disaster-recovery solution that provides an enterprise-level alternative to database mirroring. Introduced in SQL Server 2012, AlwaysOn Availability Groups maximizes the availability of a set of user databases for an enterprise. An

availability group supports a failover environment for a discrete set of user databases, known as availability databases, that fail over together. Failover and Failover Modes (AlwaysOn Availability Groups) QUESTION 160 You administer a SQL Server 2014

instance. Users report that the SQL Server has seemed slow today. A large database was being restored for much of the day, which could be causing issues. You want to write a query of the system views that will report the following:- Number of users that have a

connection to the server - Whether a user's connection is active- Whether any connections are blocked- What queries are being executedWhether the database restore is still executing and, if it is, what percentage of the restore is complete.Which system objects

should you use in your query to best achieve this task? A. sys.dm_exec_requests, sys.dm_exec_sessions, sys.objects B.

sys.dm_exec_sessions, sys.dm_exec_query_stats, sys.dm_exec_query_text, sys.objects, sys.sysprocesses,

sys.dm_exec_query_text, sys.objects.D. sys.dm_exec_requests, sys.dm_exec_sessions, sys.dm_exec_query_text Answer: D

Explanation: * sys.dm_exec_requests Returns information about each request that is executing within SQL Server. * sys.dm_exec_sessions Returns one row per authenticated session on SQL Server. sys.dm_exec_sessions is a server-scope view that shows information about all active user connections and internal tasks. This information includes client version, client program name, client login time, login user, current session setting, and more. * sys.dm_exec_query_text Returns the text of the SQL batch that is identified by the specified sql_handle. sys.dm_exec_requests (Transact-SQL) sys.dm_exec_sessions (Transact-SQL) Incorrect: * sys.dm_exec_query_stats Returns aggregate performance statistics for cached query plans in SQL Server. The view contains one row per query statement within the cached plan, and the lifetime of the rows are tied to the plan itself. * sys.objects Contains a row for each user-defined, schema-scoped object that is created within a database. 100% 70-469 Complete Success & Money Back Guarantee! By utilizing Braindump2go high quality Microsoft 70-469 Exam Dumps Products, You can surely pass 70-469 certification 100%! Braindump2go also offers 100% money back guarantee to individuals in case they fail to pass Microsoft 70-469 in one attempt.

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