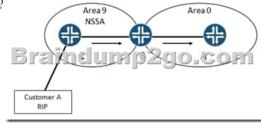
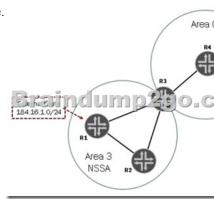
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https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B75b5xYLjSSNSXIIWnNFZnB5NG8?usp=sharing OUESTION 1Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)[edit protocols ospf]user@R2# showarea 0.0.0.6 {nssa {default-lsa default-metric 10;area-range 184.23.12.0/24; }interface ge-1/1/4; }[edit protocols ospf]user@R2# show ospf databaseOSPF database, Area 0.0.0.0 Type ID Adv Rtr Seq Age Opt Cksum LenRouter *192.168.0.2 192.168.0.2 0x80000004 749 0x22 0x87c2 60Router 192.168.0.3 192.168.0.3 0x80000004 399 0x22 0x94b5 60Summary *10.0.0.0 192.168.0.2 0x80000003 19 0x22 0xe2e4 28Summary *192.168.0.1 192.168.0.2 0x80000002 1100 0x22 0xbda7 28OSPF database, Area 0.0.0.6Type ID Adv Rtr Seq Age Opt Cksum Len Router 192.168.0.1 192.168.0.1 0x80000004 404 0x20 0x76db 60Router *192.168.0.2 192.168.0.2 0x80000003 1802 0x20 0x319b 48Summary *11.0.0.0 192.168.0.2 0x80000002 2504 0x20 0xf5d3 28Summary *192.168.0.2 192.168.0.2 0x80000003 2153 0x20 0xc5a0 28Summary *192.168.0.3 192.168.0.2 0x80000002 398 0x20 0xc79d 28NSSA *0.0.0.0 192.168.0.2 0x80000001 11 0x20 0xcbf1 36NSSA 184.23.12.0 192.168.0.1 0x80000002 447 0x28 0xb93f 36OSPF AS SCOPE link state databaseType ID Adv Rtr Seq Age Opt Cksum LenExtern *184.23.12.0 192.168.0.2 0x80000003 11 0x22 0x28d6 36 A. R2 injects a Type 3 LSA for 184.23.12.0/24 into the backbone.B. R2 is an ABR.C. R2 injects a Type 5 LSA for 184.23.12.0/24 into the backbone.D. R2 is an ASBR. Answer: BC QUESTION 2Which statement is true regarding OSPF multi-area adjacencies? A. A type 3 (stub) link is advertised for a multi-area adjacency.B. Configuring a multi-area adjacency allows the corresponding link to be considered an interarea link, so it will be less preferred over an intra-area link.C. One logical interface will be a primary link, and the other configured as a secondary link; the secondary link will be established as an unnumbered point-to-point interface.D. A DR and a BDR will be elected over the secondary interface, because it is not point-to- point. Answer: C QUESTION 3Referring to the exhibit, which type of LSA will be seen on router A for routes originating in Customer A's network?

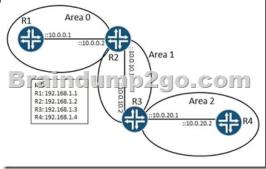


A. Type 7 LSAB. Type 2 LSAC. Type 5 LSAD. Type 1 LSA Answer: C QUESTION 4Referring to the exhibit, which statement is true?[edit protocols ospf]user@area-1-abr# showarea 0.0.0.1 {nssa {default-lsa {default-metric 10;metric-type 2;type-7; }no-summaries;}interface so-0/1/1.0;} A. The ABR will generate a Type 3 summary default route into the NSSA.B. The ASBR will generate a Type 7 default route into the NSSA.C. The type-7 parameter allows interoperability with newer versions of the Junos OS.D. The only LSA types allowed into the area are Type 1, Type 2, Type 3, and Type 7. Answer: B QUESTION 5 Referring to the exhibit, you are asked to prevent the 184.16.1.0/24 route from entering the backbone.



Which configuration statements would accomplish the task? A. On router R1, issue the set protocols ospf area 3 nssa area-range 184.16.1.0/24 restrict command.B. On router R3, issue the set protocols ospf area 0 area-range 184.16.1.0/24 restrict command.C. On router R3, issue the set protocols ospf area 3 area-range 184.16.1.0/24 restrict command.D. On router R3, issue the set

protocols ospf area 3 nssa area-range 184.16.1.0/24 restrict command. Answer: D QUESTION 6Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are true? (Choose two.)user@router> show route protocol bgp detailinet6.0: 8 destinations, 8 routes (8 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)4444:4444::/32 (1 entry, 1 announced)*BGP PreferencE. 170/-101Next hop typE. Router, Next hop index: Address: 0x934c688Next-hop reference count: 2SourcE. 172.27.0.5Next hop: ::172.27.0.5 via ge-0/0/1.0, selectedStatE.Local AS: 3 Peer AS: 701AgE. 3:22Task: BGP_701.172.27.0.5+52965Announcement bits (1): 0-KRTAS path: 701 4 I Aggregator: 4 10.255.1.34AcceptedLocalpreF. 100Router ID. 10.255.1.31 A. The IPv6 route was learned from an IPv6 BGP neighbor.B. The IPv6 route was learned from an IPv4 BGP neighbor.C. The IPv6 destination will use IPv4 as the next hop.D. The IPv6 destination will use IPv6 as the next hop. Answer: BD QUESTION 7You are asked to connect Area 2 to the backbone. Which configuration would be required on R3?



A. [edit protocols ospf3]user@R3# showarea 0.0.0.0 {virtual-link neighbor-id 10.0.10.1 transit-area 0.0.0.1; interface ge-0/0/5.0; } B. [edit protocols ospf]user@R3# showarea 0.0.0.0 {virtual-link neighbor-id 192.168.1.2 transit-area 0.0.0.1; interface ge-0/0/5.0 { interface-type p2p; }C. [edit protocols ospf3]user@R3# showarea 0.0.0.0 {virtual-link neighbor-id 192.168.1.2 transit-area 0.0.0.1; interface ge-0/0/5.0; }D. [edit protocols ospf3]user@R3# showarea 0.0.0.1 {virtual-link neighbor-id 192.168.1.2 transit-area 0.0.0.1; interface ge-0/0/5.0; }D. [edit protocols ospf3]user@R3# showarea 0.0.0.1 {virtual-link neighbor-id 192.168.1.2 transit-area 0.0.0.1; interface ge-0/0/5.0; }D. [edit protocols ospf3]user@R3# showarea 0.0.0.1 {virtual-link neighbor-id 192.168.1.2 transit-area 0.0.0.1; interface ge-0/0/5.0; }Answer: C QUESTION 8Referring to the exhibit, you are asked to verify certain routing information within your OSPFv3 routing domain. You must review the prefixes learned from R3.

D: 10.0.1.1	R	ID: 10.0.0.1	RID: 10.0.0.2		
user8223	> show ospf3 da	tabase			
	73 database, Ar	ea 0.0.0.0			
Type	ID	Adv Rtr	Seq	Age	Ckau
Router	-0.0.0.0	10.0.0.1	0x80000007	20	0xba
Router	0.0.0.0	10.0.0.2	0x80000007	40	Oxda
Router	0.0.0.0	10.0.1.1	0x80000002	31	0xe8
Router		10.0.1.2	0x80000001	41	Oxfa
Network		10.0.0.1	0x50000001	70	0x42
Network		10.0.0.2	0x80000002	1302	0x55
Network	0.0.0.4	10.0.0.2	0x80000001	40	0x54
IntraArk	Pfx *0.0.0.1	10.0.0.1	0x8000000a	70	Oxcf
IntraArl	Pfx *0.0.0.5	10.0.0.1	0x50000001	70	0x3a
or nurshall	fx 0.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	C 0x80000007	40	Oxfe
- 0 mort	51 B. (5) D. (-	0.0012 (100000	1.0-	At 21
A 142 1	Contraction of the second		1 65 651	1 10.0	10 10
Intrakri	frx 0.0.0.1	T0.0.T.	000003	iT.	0x42
Intrahr		10.0.1.2	0x80000002	41	0x30
		k state database	*********		
Type	ID	Adv Rtr	Seg	Age	Ckau
Extern	*0.0.0.1	10.0.0.1	0x80000002	2308	0xd9
Extern	0.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	0x50000002	2307	0xd3
	/3 Link-Local d	atabase, interfac	ce ge-0/0/1.0 Area		
Type	ID.	Adv Rtr	Seq	Age	Ckau
Link	-0.0.0.1	10.0.0.1	0x80000004	1733	0x17
Link	0.0.0.1	10.0.0.2	0x80000003	1804	0x29
	73 Link-Local d	atabase, interfa-	ce ge-0/0/6.0 Area		
Type	ID	Adv Rtr	Seg	Age	Ckau
Link	*0.0.0.4	10.0.0.1	0x80000002	165	0x23
Link	0.0.0.1	10.0.1.1		71	0x52
0571		atabase, interfa	ce 1c0.0 Area 0.0.0	.0	
Type	ID	Adv Rtr	Seg	Age	Ckeu
Link	*0.0.0.3	10.0.0.1	0x80000003	1925	0xd7

Which two LSA types from the output shown in the exhibit must be reviewed? (Choose two.) A. the Router LSAs from RID 10.0.0.2B. the Extern LSAs from RID 10.0.0.2C. the InterArPfx LSAs from RID 10.0.0.2D. the Network LSAs from RID 10.0.0.2 Answer: BC QUESTION 9ISP-A is advertising the 200.0.3.0/24 route to R1. R1 is advertising this BGP route to R2 but the route is hidden on R2.

	FROP
PRI	R1, R2
ISP-A AS 101	66.142.0.2/30 172.27.0.2/24 2 2 2 2 2 0 1/30 172.27.0.1/24
Dupin	
Brain	
user@R2> show rot	ate 200.0.3.0/24 hidden
iner Or 48 dearis	nations, 61 routes (41 active, 0 holddown, 20 hidden)
	, - = Last Active, * = Both
	, - = Last Active, * = Both (BGP/170) 00:13:52, localpref 100, from 192.168.16.1 AS path: 101 I, validation-state: unverified Causable

Referring to the exhibit, which statement is correct about the 200.0.3.0/24 route? A. The route is unusable because the next hop is not reachable from R2.B. The route is unusable because it has not been verified.C. The route is hidden because R1 is changing the next hop to 192.168.16.1.D. The route is hidden because R2 has a more preferred route. Answer: A QUESTION 10Referring to the exhibit, which AS path regular expression will match only the 10.16.1.0/24 and 10.16.2.0/24 routes?user@router# run show route receive-protocol bgp 192.168.4.101 detailinet.0: 18 destinations, 20 routes (18 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)* 10.16.1.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 222 312 I* 10.16.3.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 222 312 I* 10.16.3.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 222 312 I* 10.16.3.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 222 312 I* 10.16.4.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 222 312 I* 10.16.3.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 222 312 I* 10.16.3.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 221 I* 10.16.4.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 231 222 I* 10.16.4.0/24 (1 entry, 1 announced)AcceptedNexthop: 192.168.4.101LocalpreF. 100AS path: 123 233 111 I A. .* (222|111) .*B. .+ (222|111) .*C. .(222|111) .*D. .(.222|.111) .* Answer: C !!!RECOMMEND!!! 1.|2017 New JN0-643 Exam Dumps (PDF & VCE) 301Q&As Download: https://www.braindump2go.com/jn0-643.html 2.|2017 New JN0-643 Study Guide Video: YouTube Video: YouTube Video: YouTube.com/watch?v=UbAtE6Yycr8