## [Jan-2019High Quality Braindump2go AZ-101 Exam Dumps PDF and VCE 70Q Free Share(Q1-Q11)

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https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/app-service/windows/QUESTION 3Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have an Azure web app named App1. App1 runs in an Azure App Service plan named Plan1. Plan1 is associated to the Free pricing tier. You discover that App1 stops each day after running continuously for 60 minutes. You need to ensure that App1 can run continuously for the entire day. Solution: You change the pricing tier of Plan1 to Shared. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. NoAnswer: BExplanation: You should switch to the Basic Tier. The Free Tier provides 60 CPU minutes / day. This explains why App1 is stops. The Shared Tier provides 240 CPU minutes / day. The Basic tier has no such cap. References:

https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/app-service/windows/QUESTION 4Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named Adatum and an Azure Subscription named Subscription1. Adatum contains a group named Developers. Subscription1 contains a resource group named Dev. You need to provide the Developers group with the ability to create Azure logic apps in the Dev resource group. Solution: On Dev, you assign the Logic App Contributor role to the Developers group. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. NoAnswer: AExplanation: The Logic App Contributor role lets you manage logic app, but not access to them. It provides access to view, edit, and update a logic app. References:

## https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/built-in-roles

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-securing-a-logic-appQUESTION 5Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named Adatum and an Azure Subscription named Subscription1. Adatum contains a group named Developers. Subscription1 contains a resource group named Dev. You need to provide the Developers group with the ability to create Azure logic apps in the Dev resource group. Solution: On Subscription1, you assign the Logic App Operator role to the Developers group. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. NoAnswer: BExplanation: The Logic App

Operator role only lets you read, enable and disable logic app. With it you can view the logic app and run history, and enable/disable. Cannot edit or update the definition. You would need the Logic App Contributor role. References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/built-in-roles

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-securing-a-logic-appQUESTION 6Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named Adatum and an Azure Subscription named Subscription1. Adatum contains a group named Developers. Subscription1 contains a resource group named Dev. You need to provide the Developers group with the ability to create Azure logic apps in the Dev resource group. Solution: On Subscription 1, you assign the DevTest Labs User role to the Developers group. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. NoAnswer: BExplanation: DevTest Labs User role only lets you connect, start, restart, and shutdown virtual machines in your Azure DevTest Labs. You would need the Logic App Contributor role.References:https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/built-in-roles https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/logic-apps/logic-apps-securing-a-logic-appQUESTION 7Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You manage a virtual network named VNet1 that is hosted in the West US Azure region. VNet1 hosts two virtual machines named VM1 and VM2 that run Windows Server. You need to inspect all the network traffic from VM1 to VM2 for a period of three hours. Solution: From Performance Monitor, you create a Data Collector Set (DCS). Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. NoAnswer: BExplanation: You should use Azure Network Watcher.References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overviewQUESTION 8Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You manage a virtual network named VNet1 that is hosted in the West US Azure region. VNet1 hosts two virtual machines named VM1 and VM2 that run Windows Server. You need to inspect all the network traffic from VM1 to VM2 for a period of three hours. Solution: From Azure Network Watcher, you create a packet capture. Does this meet the goal? A. Yes B. NoAnswer: AExplanation: Azure Network Watcher provides tools to monitor, diagnose, view metrics, and enable or disable logs for resources in an Azure virtual network. Capture packets to and from a VMAdvanced filtering options and fine-tuned controls, such as the ability to set time and size limitations, provide versatility. The capture can be stored in Azure Storage, on the VM's disk, or both. You can then analyze the capture file using several standard network capture analysis tools. Network Watcher variable packet capture allows you to create packet capture sessions to track traffic to and from a virtual machine. Packet capture helps to diagnose network anomalies both reactively and proactivity. References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overviewQUESTION 9Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You manage a virtual network named VNet1 that is hosted in the West US Azure region. VNet1 hosts two virtual machines named VM1 and VM2 that run Windows Server. You need to inspect all the network traffic from VM1 to VM2 for a period of three hours. Solution: From Azure Monitor, you create a metric on Network In and Network Out. Does this meet the goal? A. Yes B. No Answer: BExplanation: You should use Azure Network Watcher. References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overviewQUESTION 10A web developer creates a web application that you plan to deploy as an Azure web app.Users must enter credentials to access the web application. You create a new web app named WebApp1 and deploy the web application to WebApp1. You need to disable anonymous access to WebApp1. What should you configure? A. Advanced Tools B. Authentication/Authorization C. Access control (IAM)D. Deployment credentials Answer: BExplanation: Anonymous access is an authentication method. It allows users to establish an anonymous connection. References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/biztalk/core/guidelines-for-resolving-iis-permissions-problemsQUESTION 11You are building a custom Azure function app to connect to Azure Event Grid. You need to ensure that resources are allocated dynamically to

the function app. Billing must be based on the executions of the app.What should you configure when you create the function app?A. the Windows operating system and the Consumption plan hosting planB. the Windows operating system and the App Service plan hosting planC. the Docker container and an App Service plan that uses the B1 pricing tierD. the Docker container and an App Service plan that uses the S1 pricing tierAnswer: AExplanation:Azure Functions runs in two different modes: Consumption plan and Azure App Service plan. The Consumption plan automatically allocates compute power when your code is running. Your app is scaled out when needed to handle load, and scaled down when code is not running.Incorrect Answers:B: When you run in an App Service plan, you must manage the scaling of your function app.References:

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