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http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus 5000/sw/configuration/guide/cli/linearing/switches/datacenter/nexus 5000/sw/configuration/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switches/guide/cli/linearing/switche

CLIConfigurationGuide/PrivateVLANs.htmlNew QuestionWhich database is used to determine the validity of an ARP packet based on a valid IP-to- MAC address binding? A. DHCP snooping databaseB. dynamic ARP databaseC. dynamic routing databaseD. static ARP databaseAnswer: AExplanation:Information About Dynamic ARP Inspection DAI is used to validate ARP requests and responses as follows:Intercepts all ARP requests and responses on untrusted ports. Verifies that a packet has a valid IP-to-MAC address binding before updating the ARP cache or forwarding the packet. Drops invalid ARP packets. DAI can determine the validity of an ARP packet based on valid IP-to-MAC address bindings stored in a DHCP snooping binding database. This database is built by DHCP snooping when it is enabled on the VLANs and on the device. It may also contain static entries that you have created. Reference:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus1000/hyperv/sw/5\_2\_1\_s\_m\_1\_5\_2/troubleshooting/configura tion/guide/n1000v\_troubleshooting/n1000v\_trouble\_19dhcp.htmlNew QuestionWhen IP Source Guard with source IP filtering is enabled on an interface, which feature must be enabled on the access VLAN for that interface?A. DHCP snoopingB. storm controlC. spanning-tree portfastD. private VLANAnswer: AExplanation:IP Source Guard Configuration GuidelinesYou can configure static IP bindings only on nonrouted ports. If you enter the ip source binding mac-address vlan vlan-id ip-address interface interface-id global configuration command on a routed interface, this error message appears:Static IP source binding can only be configured on switch port.When IP source guard with source IP filtering is enabled on an interface, DHCP snooping must be enabled on the access VLAN for that interface.If you are enabling IP source guard on a trunk interface with multiple VLANs and DHCP snooping is enabled on all the VLANs, the source IP address filter is applied on all the VLANs.You can enable this feature when 802.1x port-based authentication is enabled.Reference: http://

www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst2960x/software/15-0\_2\_EX/security/configuration\_guide/b\_sec\_152ex\_29 60-x\_cg/b\_sec\_152ex\_2960-x\_cg\_chapter\_01110.htmlNew QuestionWhich switch feature prevents traffic on a LAN from being overwhelmed by continuous multicast or broadcast traffic?A. storm controlB. port securityC. VTP pruningD. VLAN trunkingAnswer: AExplanation:A traffic storm occurs when packets flood the LAN, which creates excessive traffic and degrades network performance. The traffic storm control feature prevents LAN ports from being disrupted by a broadcast, multicast, or unicast traffic storm on physical interfaces from either mistakes in network configurations or from users issuing a DoS attack. Reference: http://3c3cc.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/7600/ios/122SR/configuration/guide/swcg/dos.pdfNew QuestionWhich command would a network engineer apply to error-disable a switchport when a packet-storm is detected?A. router(config-if)#storm-control action shutdownB. router(config-if)#storm-control action trapC. router(config-if)#storm-control action errorD. router(config-if)#storm-control action enableAnswer: AExplanation:Configuring the Traffic Storm Control Shutdown ModeTo configure the traffic storm control shutdown mode on an interface, perform this task:Command PurposeStep 1 Router(config)# interface {{type1 Selects an interface to configure.slot/port} | {port-channel num-ber}}Step 2 Router(config-if)# storm-control (Optional) Configures traffic storm control to action shutdown error- disable ports when a traffic storm occurs.? Enter the no storm-control action shut-down command to revert to the default action (drop).? Use the error disable detection and recov-ery feature, or the shutdown and no shut-down commands to reenable ports.Reference:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst6500/ios/12-2SX/configuration/guide/book/storm.htmlNew
QuestionWhen a Cisco Catalyst switch that is configured in VTP server mode is first booted, which two VLAN ranges are loaded on the switch?A. all VLAN are in the VLAN database.B. VLANs greater than 1005 in the startup-config fileC. the first 1005
VLANs in the VLAN database fileD. the first 1005 VLANs in the startup-config fileE. VLANs greater than 1005 in the VLAN database fileAnswer: BCExplanation:If the startup VTP mode is server mode, or the startup VTP mode or domain names do not match the VLAN database, VTP mode and VLAN configuration for the first 1005 VLANs are selected by VLAN database information, such as the vlan.dat file. VLANs greater than 1005 are configured from the switch configuration file.

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/switches/catalyst-2940-series-switches/109304-manage-vlandat.html#bootupNew
QuestionAn enterprise network has port security sticky enabled on all access ports. A network administrator moves a PC from one

office desk to another. After the PC is moved, the network administrator clears the port security on the new network switch port connecting to the PC, but the port keeps going back into err-disabled mode. Which two factors are possible causes of this issue? (Choose two)A. Port security sticky exists on the new network switch port.B. Port security sticky is disabled on the new network switch port.C. Port security must be disabled on all access ports.D. Port security is still enabled on the older network switch port. E. Port security sticky is still enabled on the older network switch port. Answer: AENew QuestionOn which interface can port security be configured? A. static trunk ports B. destination port for SPANC. Ether Channel port groupD. dynamic access pointAnswer: AExplanation: Port Security and Port Types You can configure port security only on Layer 2 interfaces. Details about port security and different types of interfaces or ports are as follows: Access ports -- You can configure port security on interfaces that you have configure das Layer 2 access ports. On an access port, port security applies only to the access VLAN. Trunk ports -- You can configure port security on interfaces that you have configured as Layer 2 trunk ports. VLAN maximums are not useful for access ports. The device allows VLAN maximums only for VLANs associated with the trunk port. SPAN ports -- You can configure port security is not supported on Ethernet port channels.

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/4\_1/nx-os/security/configuration/guide/sec\_nx-os-cfg/sec\_portse c.htmlThese are some other guidelines for configuring port security:Port security can only be configured on static access ports. A secure port cannot be a dynamic access port or a trunk port. A secure port cannot be a destination port for Switch Port Analyzer

(SPAN). A secure port cannot belong to an EtherChannel port group. A secure port cannot be an 802.1X port. You cannot configure static secure MAC addresses in the voice VLAN.