

## [November-2020MLS-C01 VCE Dumps and MLS-C01 PDF Dumps MLS-C01 123Q Free Offered by Braindump2go[Q82-Q102]

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MLS-C01 Real Exam Questions!  
**QUESTION 82**A Data Scientist is building a model to predict customer churn using a dataset of 100 continuous numerical features. The Marketing team has not provided any insight about which features are relevant for churn prediction. The Marketing team wants to interpret the model and see the direct impact of relevant features on the model outcome. While training a logistic regression model, the Data Scientist observes that there is a wide gap between the training and validation set accuracy. Which methods can the Data Scientist use to improve the model performance and satisfy the Marketing team's needs? (Choose two.)  
A. Add L1 regularization to the classifier  
B. Add features to the dataset  
C. Perform recursive feature elimination  
D. Perform t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE)  
E. Perform linear discriminant analysis  
**Answer: BE**  
**QUESTION 83**An aircraft engine manufacturing company is measuring 200 performance metrics in a time-series. Engineers want to detect critical manufacturing defects in near-real time during testing. All of the data needs to be stored for offline analysis. What approach would be the MOST effective to perform near-real time defect detection?  
A. Use AWS IoT Analytics for ingestion, storage, and further analysis. Use Jupyter notebooks from within AWS IoT Analytics to carry out analysis for anomalies.  
B. Use Amazon S3 for ingestion, storage, and further analysis. Use an Amazon EMR cluster to carry out Apache Spark ML k-means clustering to determine anomalies.  
C. Use Amazon S3 for ingestion, storage, and further analysis. Use the Amazon SageMaker Random Cut Forest (RCF) algorithm to determine anomalies.  
D. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for ingestion and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics Random Cut Forest (RCF) to perform anomaly detection. Use Kinesis Data Firehose to store data in Amazon S3 for further analysis.  
**Answer: B**  
**QUESTION 84**A Machine Learning team runs its own training algorithm on Amazon SageMaker. The training algorithm requires external assets. The team needs to submit both its own algorithm code and algorithm-specific parameters to Amazon SageMaker. What combination of services should the team use to build a custom algorithm in Amazon SageMaker? (Choose two.)  
A. AWS Secrets Manager  
B. AWS CodeStar  
C. Amazon ECR  
D. Amazon EC2  
E. Amazon S3  
**Answer: CE**  
**QUESTION 85**A Machine Learning Specialist wants to determine the appropriate SageMakerVariantInvocationsPerInstance setting for an endpoint automatic scaling configuration. The Specialist has performed a load test on a single instance and determined that peak requests per second (RPS) without service degradation is about 20 RPS. As this is the first deployment, the Specialist intends to set the invocation safety factor to 0.5. Based on the stated parameters and given that the invocations per instance setting is measured on a per-minute basis, what should the Specialist set as the SageMakerVariantInvocationsPerInstance setting?  
A. 10  
B. 30  
C. 600  
D. 2,400  
**Answer: C**  
**QUESTION 86**A company uses a long short-term memory (LSTM) model to evaluate the risk factors of a particular energy sector. The model reviews multi-page text documents to analyze each sentence of the text and categorize it as either a potential risk or no risk. The model is not performing well, even though the Data Scientist has experimented with many different network structures and tuned the corresponding hyperparameters. Which approach will provide the MAXIMUM performance boost?  
A. Initialize the words by term frequency-inverse document frequency (TF-IDF) vectors pretrained on a large collection of news articles related to the energy sector.  
B. Use gated recurrent units (GRUs) instead of LSTM and run the training process until the validation loss stops decreasing.  
C. Reduce the learning rate and run the training process until the training loss stops decreasing.  
D. Initialize the words by word2vec embeddings pretrained on a large collection of news articles related to the energy sector.  
**Answer: C**  
**QUESTION 87**A Machine Learning Specialist needs to move and transform data in preparation for training. Some of the data needs to be processed in near-real time, and other data can be moved hourly. There are existing Amazon EMR MapReduce jobs to clean and feature engineering to perform on the data. Which of the following services can feed data to the MapReduce jobs? (Choose two.)  
A. AWS DMS  
B. Amazon Kinesis  
C. AWS Data Pipeline  
D. Amazon Athena  
E. Amazon ES  
**Answer: AE**  
**QUESTION 88**A Machine Learning Specialist previously trained a logistic regression model using scikit-learn on a local machine, and the Specialist now wants to deploy it to production for inference only. What steps should be taken to ensure Amazon SageMaker can host a model that was trained locally?  
A. Build the Docker image with the inference code. Tag the Docker image with the registry hostname and upload it to Amazon ECR.  
B. Serialize the trained model so the format is compressed for deployment. Tag the Docker image with the registry hostname and upload it to Amazon S3.  
C. Serialize the trained model so the format is compressed for deployment. Build the image and upload it to Docker Hub.  
D. Build the Docker image with the inference code. Configure Docker Hub and upload the image to Amazon ECR.  
**Answer: D**  
**QUESTION 89**A trucking company is collecting live image data from its fleet of trucks across the globe. The data is growing rapidly and approximately 100 GB of new data is generated every day. The company wants to explore machine learning use cases while ensuring the data is only accessible to specific IAM users. Which storage option provides the most processing flexibility and will allow access control with IAM?  
A. Use a database,

such as Amazon DynamoDB, to store the images, and set the IAM policies to restrict access to only the desired IAM users.B. Use an Amazon S3-backed data lake to store the raw images, and set up the permissions using bucket policies.C. Setup up Amazon EMR with Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) to store the files, and restrict access to the EMR instances using IAM policies. D. Configure Amazon EFS with IAM policies to make the data available to Amazon EC2 instances owned by the IAM users.

Answer: C

QUESTION 90A credit card company wants to build a credit scoring model to help predict whether a new credit card applicant will default on a credit card payment. The company has collected data from a large number of sources with thousands of raw attributes. Early experiments to train a classification model revealed that many attributes are highly correlated, the large number of features slows down the training speed significantly, and that there are some overfitting issues. The Data Scientist on this project would like to speed up the model training time without losing a lot of information from the original dataset. Which feature engineering technique should the Data Scientist use to meet the objectives?

A. Run self-correlation on all features and remove highly correlated features  
 B. Normalize all numerical values to be between 0 and 1  
 C. Use an autoencoder or principal component analysis (PCA) to replace original features with new features  
 D. Cluster raw data using k-means and use sample data from each cluster to build a new dataset

Answer: C

QUESTION 91A Data Scientist is training a multilayer perceptron (MLP) on a dataset with multiple classes. The target class of interest is unique compared to the other classes within the dataset, but it does not achieve an acceptable recall metric. The Data Scientist has already tried varying the number and size of the MLP's hidden layers, which has not significantly improved the results. A solution to improve recall must be implemented as quickly as possible. Which techniques should be used to meet these requirements?

A. Gather more data using Amazon Mechanical Turk and then retrain  
 B. Train an anomaly detection model instead of an MLP  
 C. Train an XGBoost model instead of an MLP  
 D. Add class weights to the MLP's loss function and then retrain

Answer: D

QUESTION 92A Machine Learning Specialist works for a credit card processing company and needs to predict which transactions may be fraudulent in near-real time. Specifically, the Specialist must train a model that returns the probability that a given transaction may be fraudulent. How should the Specialist frame this business problem?

A. Streaming classification  
 B. Binary classification  
 C. Multi-category classification  
 D. Regression classification

Answer: B

QUESTION 93A real estate company wants to create a machine learning model for predicting housing prices based on a historical dataset. The dataset contains 32 features. Which model will meet the business requirement?

A. Logistic regression  
 B. Linear regression  
 C. K-means  
 D. Principal component analysis (PCA)

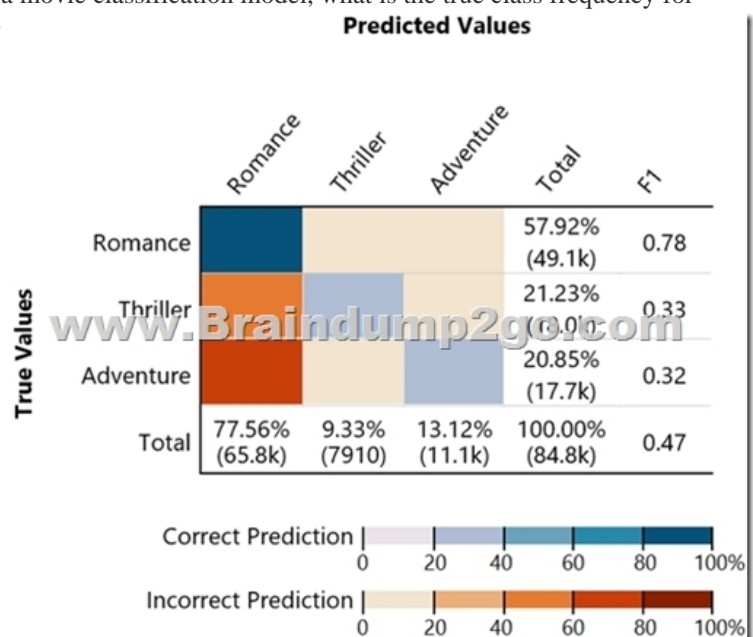
Answer: B

QUESTION 94A Machine Learning Specialist is applying a linear least squares regression model to a dataset with 1,000 records and 50 features. Prior to training, the ML Specialist notices that two features are perfectly linearly dependent. Why could this be an issue for the linear least squares regression model?

A. It could cause the backpropagation algorithm to fail during training  
 B. It could create a singular matrix during optimization, which fails to define a unique solution  
 C. It could modify the loss function during optimization, causing it to fail during training  
 D. It could introduce non-linear dependencies within the data, which could invalidate the linear assumptions of the model

Answer: B

QUESTION 95Given the following confusion matrix for a movie classification model, what is the true class frequency for Romance and the predicted class frequency for Adventure?



A. The true class frequency for Romance is 77.56% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 20.85%  
 B. The true class

frequency for Romance is 57.92% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 13.12%. The true class frequency for Romance is 0.78% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is (0.47-0.32). The true class frequency for Romance is  $77.56\% * 0.78$  and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is  $20.85\% * 0.32$ . Answer: B

QUESTION 96 A Machine Learning Specialist wants to bring a custom algorithm to Amazon SageMaker. The Specialist implements the algorithm in a Docker container supported by Amazon SageMaker. How should the Specialist package the Docker container so that Amazon SageMaker can launch the training correctly?

A. Modify the `bash_profile` file in the container and add a bash command to start the training program  
B. Use `CMD` config in the Dockerfile to add the training program as a CMD of the image  
C. Configure the training program as an ENTRYPOINT named `train`  
D. Copy the training program to directory `/opt/ml/train` Answer: B

QUESTION 97 A Data Scientist needs to analyze employment data. The dataset contains approximately 10 million observations on people across 10 different features. During the preliminary analysis, the Data Scientist notices that income and age distributions are not normal. While income levels shows a right skew as expected, with fewer individuals having a higher income, the age distribution also shows a right skew, with fewer older individuals participating in the workforce. Which feature transformations can the Data Scientist apply to fix the incorrectly skewed data? (Choose two.)

A. Cross-validation  
B. Numerical value binning  
C. High-degree polynomial transformation  
D. Logarithmic transformation  
E. One hot encoding Answer: AB

QUESTION 98 A web-based company wants to improve its conversion rate on its landing page. Using a large historical dataset of customer visits, the company has repeatedly trained a multi-class deep learning network algorithm on Amazon SageMaker. However, there is an overfitting problem: training data shows 90% accuracy in predictions, while test data shows 70% accuracy only. The company needs to boost the generalization of its model before deploying it into production to maximize conversions of visits to purchases. Which action is recommended to provide the HIGHEST accuracy model for the company's test and validation data?

A. Increase the randomization of training data in the mini-batches used in training  
B. Allocate a higher proportion of the overall data to the training dataset  
C. Apply L1 or L2 regularization and dropouts to the training  
D. Reduce the number of layers and units (or neurons) from the deep learning network Answer: D

QUESTION 99 A Machine Learning Specialist is given a structured dataset on the shopping habits of a company's customer base. The dataset contains thousands of columns of data and hundreds of numerical columns for each customer. The Specialist wants to identify whether there are natural groupings for these columns across all customers and visualize the results as quickly as possible. What approach should the Specialist take to accomplish these tasks?

A. Embed the numerical features using the t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE) algorithm and create a scatter plot.  
B. Run k-means using the Euclidean distance measure for different values of k and create an elbow plot.  
C. Embed the numerical features using the t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE) algorithm and create a line graph.  
D. Run k-means using the Euclidean distance measure for different values of k and create box plots for each numerical column within each cluster. Answer: B

QUESTION 100 A Machine Learning Specialist is planning to create a long-running Amazon EMR cluster. The EMR cluster will have 1 master node, 10 core nodes, and 20 task nodes. To save on costs, the Specialist will use Spot Instances in the EMR cluster. Which nodes should the Specialist launch on Spot Instances?

A. Master node  
B. Any of the core nodes  
C. Any of the task nodes  
D. Both core and task nodes Answer: A

QUESTION 101 A manufacturer of car engines collects data from cars as they are being driven. The data collected includes timestamp, engine temperature, rotations per minute (RPM), and other sensor readings. The company wants to predict when an engine is going to have a problem, so it can notify drivers in advance to get engine maintenance. The engine data is loaded into a data lake for training. Which is the MOST suitable predictive model that can be deployed into production?

A. Add labels over time to indicate which engine faults occur at what time in the future to turn this into a supervised learning problem. Use a recurrent neural network (RNN) to train the model to recognize when an engine might need maintenance for a certain fault.  
B. This data requires an unsupervised learning algorithm. Use Amazon SageMaker k-means to cluster the data.  
C. Add labels over time to indicate which engine faults occur at what time in the future to turn this into a supervised learning problem. Use a convolutional neural network (CNN) to train the model to recognize when an engine might need maintenance for a certain fault.  
D. This data is already formulated as a time series. Use Amazon SageMaker `seq2seq` to model the time series. Answer: B

QUESTION 102 A company wants to predict the sale prices of houses based on available historical sales data. The target variable in the company's dataset is the sale price. The features include parameters such as the lot size, living area measurements, non-living area measurements, number of bedrooms, number of bathrooms, year built, and postal code. The company wants to use multi-variable linear regression to predict house sale prices. Which step should a machine learning specialist take to remove features that are irrelevant for the analysis and reduce the model's complexity?

A. Plot a histogram of the features and compute their standard deviation. Remove features with high variance.  
B. Plot a histogram of the features and compute their standard deviation. Remove features with low variance.  
C. Build a heatmap showing the correlation of the dataset against itself. Remove features with low mutual correlation scores.  
D. Run a correlation check of all features against the target variable. Remove features with low target variable correlation scores. Answer: D

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